UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2007 question paper

5090 BIOLOGY

5090/02

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

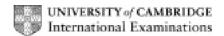
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2)	Mark Scheme	Syllab		Paper	,	
				GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2007	5090		02	
				Section A				
1 (a	a)	(i)	xyle	m only shaded (A shaded on only one vascular bundle)	•			
		(ii)	corr	ectly named (Ignore 'vessel');				[2]
/1	h)	trar	nenira	ation/evaporation;				
(,	IJ)		-	pour + lost from leaf/stomata/plant;				
				ws/pushes + <u>water/solution</u>				
		(R :	sucks	s) OR water (from transpiration) must be replaced;				
		ref.	capil	larity/root pressure AW/cohesion AW/adhesion AW;			[ma	x. 3]
(0	C)	diffusion (R if osmosis mentioned with diffusion, ignore active transport); ref. concentration gradient;						
			•	(cellulose) cell walls; permeable;				
				lly/selectively)				
		٠ -		nbrane is a p.p.m./allows molecules of dye to pass;			[ma	x. 3]
				smosis context)			-	_
(0	d)			/diffusion;				
				aves <u>cells;</u>				
				ss from plant or from plant part named; tion more concentrated than cell sap/ref. water potential	Ī			
				o quantity of water rather than concentration) gradient;				
		•		ts or described e.g. refs flaccidity/loss of turgor/of suppo	ort ;		[ma	x. 3]
		(A (droop	ing, R withering)			-	_
2 (a	a)	(i)	subs	strate/s;				
		(ii)	proc	luct/s;				[2]
(1	b)	(i)	prote	<u>ein</u> (A casein);				
,-	-,	(-)		(1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		mark		
		(ii)	prot	ease/pepsin/proteolytic (A rennin if casein given above)		:	41	
	((iii)		y)peptides/peptones/proteoses (A amino acids); mark not available with casein/rennin option)		independ	entiy	[3]
10	c)	ara	nh ris	:65.				
(c) graph rises; reaches peak between 35 and 55 °C;								
				ero between 50 and 80 °C;				[3]
				al drop, R incurving drop)				
(0	d)	(i)	activ	ve site/place where substrate fits AW (R lock / key);				[1]
			(A re	egion/area) (A place where reaction occurs)				

(ii) lock and key (A words in a description);

[1]

-	ge 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	<u> </u>	GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2007	5090	02
(a)	Mark t	he first, one per line, any three from:		
	more	er, at or near body temperature (A higher temp./warmer), CO ₂ , less O ₂ , more moisture AW (A saturated);;; e pathogens)		[3
(b)	diaphr ribs / t diaphr	nal) intercostal muscles relax; agm relaxes; horax moves down/in; agm domes AW; ased volume/increased pressure;		[max. 4
(c)		are two routes to the two marks in this section 1: respiration;		
	releas (R pro	ction of carbon dioxide/removal of oxygen (A oxidation)/ e of energy or heat/release of water duce/generate etc.) nts on equation in words or symbols – need not be balan	ced);	
	Route	2: named specific cell (e.g. RBC);		
		fect of this cell on a the content of the air in the jar; ollects/carries away AW O_2) (Ignore refs CO_2 and RBCs)		[2
(a)	iron/F	<u>3</u> ;		
(b)	o) If the column headed 'mammals' is left blank, or if there is a <u>clear</u> , but inaccurate, atter describe mammal (as opposed to human) RBCs, then all three marks are availab correct statements re. bird RBCs. All comparisons must be valid pairs (R oval v. biconcave) Mark each line separately, (R refs. to haemoglobin/surface area)			
	larger	(A longer) (A shorter) from: nucleus + no nucleus, larger in size/smaller in size than WBCs +smaller than WBCs, oval/egg-shaped + rourex/not biconcave + biconcave, (R spherical)	nd isc,	[3
(c)	(i) ca	apillary,;		[1
	th	ny two from: blood cells in single file AW, running in/permeable/one cell thick, substances pass through (aetwork,;;		•

ref. arteries or D nearer heart/pump/ventricle; blood flows smoothly/no pulse + in veins/venules;

resistance offered by capillary network;

greater pressure in arteries/lower pressure in veins;

(iii) pulse beat + in arteries/arterioles;

[max 3] fluid lost from network;

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(a) ovary (wall)/pericarp/stigma or style remains or scar; (A epi-/meso-/endo-) [1]

(b) 'Mark explanation' column only if stated 'type of reproduction' is correct for that plant sexual for bean **and** maize;

(fruits or seeds) develop from flowers/ovaries/ref. fertilisation/pollination/ref. gametes or meiosis;

(A with ref. either bean or maize)

asexual for potato;

(A no meiosis)

tubers develop from stems or buds (A roots)/only mitosis/no fusion/fertilisation/pollination/gametes/not from flowers; [4]

(c) bacteria or named;

in root nodules;

N₂ fixing (or process described);

part of nitrogen cycle;

(increases) nitrates in soil;

needed to make proteins/amino acids;

for plant growth;

[max. 4]

[Maximum for Section A = 50]

Section B

(Marks allowed anywhere on annotated diagrams)

6 (a) (i) remove urea/nitrogenous waste/uric acid (R urine);

salts/minerals/ions/toxins/hormones;

excretion;

water + in excess/ref. osmoregulation;

(filtration) from blood;

(ii) carries urine;

from bladder + to outside;

seminal fluid/sperms;

[max. 5]

(b) connected to patients circulatory system/blood through machine;

(along)

blood + passed through partially (etc.) permeable/dialysing tube;

(R if blood is passing through the wall of the tube – Ignore named membrane)

<u>diffusion</u>/differential conc. solutes in bathing fluid/fluid renewed;

of excretory/waste products/urea [see list for (a)(i)];

salts/small molecules [see (a)(i) list)];

from blood;

large molecules (or named) stay in bloodAW;

ref bathing/washing/dialysing fluid;

[max. 5]

[Total: 10]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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7 (a) [A anywhere in (i), (ii), or (iii)]

ref impulses;

(all linked via) synapses;

- (i) (sensory) from receptor/sense organ or named (A skin);(A nerve endings) (R finger)to CNS/brain/spinal cord;
- (ii) (motor) from CNS/brain/spinal cord; to effector or named;
- (iii) in the grey matter/within CNS or specified part; from sensory to motor;

[max. 6]

(b) (reflex actions) (external) stimulus or named e.g.; protective/always the same response;

(A immediate)

do not have to be learnt/automatic/instinctive/involuntary AW **OR** (for deliberate) controlled/ref. decision/conscious/voluntary; Rapid **OR** slow(er) for deliberate;

(deliberate) (always) involves the brain;

[max. 4]

[Total: 10]

8 E light*;

trapped AW by chlorophyll;

in plant cells/chloroplasts;

(for) photosynthesis;

converted to chemical energy/energy stored in organic molecule;

named* organic molecule;

eaten (by person);

organic molecule digested/ref enzyme action;

absorbed + from gut/named part of gut;

carried in blood;

respiration/oxidation;

in muscle (cells);

release of energy* (R production/manufacture etc.);

for (muscle) contraction;

[max.10]

(* = A on equation – as words, symbols or formulae)

[Total: 10]

Page 6	Page 6 Mark Scheme		Paper
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8 O named antibiotic;

fungus/bacterium (need not be linked to name);

fermenter (or described);

sterilised (R cleaned);

to prevent contamination AW;

substrate/nutrient medium/culture medium (or constituents named);

containing carbohydrate (or named) + respiration/ref energy;

protein/amino acids + for growth;

paddles for stirring or reason for stirring;

supply of oxygen/air;

sparger/bubbles/large surface area (of O₂);

temperature control (A 25 – 45°C if given);

removal of CO_2/pH control (A pH 5 – 8);

maximum/increased rate of growth;

extraction/filtration/purification/crystallisation;

[max 10]

[Total: 10]